

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD  
(COMPANY No: 357125-D)  
(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

**Directors' Report and Audited Financial Statements  
31 March 2009**

Ernst & Young  
AF : 0039

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information**

---

**DIRECTORS**

Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong (Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman)  
Chan Saik Chuen (Executive Vice-Chairman)  
Seah Tee Lean (Group Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer)  
Lim Ted Hing (Executive Director/Chief Operating Officer)  
Fong Kin Wui (Executive Director)  
Voon Sui Liong @ Paul Voon (Independent Non-Executive Director)  
Datuk Eric Usip Juin (Independent Non-Executive Director)  
Tan Kung Ming (Independent Non-Executive Director)

**SECRETARIES**

Thien Vui Heng (MIA 5970)  
Chung Chen Vui (MIA 7384)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young

**PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad  
CIMB Bank Berhad  
HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad  
Malayan Banking Berhad  
Public Bank Berhad  
RHB Bank Berhad  
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad  
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

**SOLICITORS**

Shearn Delamore & Co.  
Mazlan & Associates  
Chin Lau Wong & Foo

**INDEX**

Directors' Report	2 - 8
Statement by Directors	9
Statutory Declaration by Director	9
Independent Auditors' Report	10 - 11
Income Statements	12
Balance Sheets	13 - 14
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	15 - 16
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	17
Cash Flow Statements	18 - 19
Notes to the Financial Statements	20 - 65

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Directors' Report**

---

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2009.

**Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are timber processing, log timber extraction and investment holding. During the financial year, an indirect subsidiary commenced vessel chartering services to oil and gas industry.

There have been no other significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

**Results**

	<b>Group RM</b>	<b>Company RM</b>
Profit for the year	<u>10,243,107</u>	<u>6,192,679</u>
Attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	9,866,161	6,192,679
Minority interests	<u>376,946</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>10,243,107</u>	<u>6,192,679</u>

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

## TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### Directors' Report

---

#### Dividends

The amount of dividend paid by the Company since 31 March 2008 was as follows:

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2008  
as reported in the Directors' report of that year:

Final tax exempt dividend of 4% on 148,871,400 ordinary shares (netted off 4,111,900 treasury shares), declared on 28 September 2008 and paid on 30 October 2008	<b>RM</b>  <u>5,954,856</u>
--	-----------------------------------

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt dividend of 4% in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2009 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 March 2010.

#### Directors

The names of the Directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong

Chan Saik Chuen

Seah Tee Lean

Lim Ted Hing

Fong Kin Wui

Voon Sui Liong @ Paul Voon

Datuk Eric Usip Juin

(Appointed on 1 November 2008)

Tan Kung Ming

(Appointed on 1 November 2008)

Ag Ahmad Bin Ag Amin

(Resigned on 31 October 2008)

Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong, Chan Saik Chuen and Seah Tee Lean retire in accordance with Section 129 of the Companies Act, 1965 and the board recommends them for re-appointment to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

In accordance with Article 103 of the Company's Articles of Association, Lim Ted Hing retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Datuk Eric Usip Juin and Tan Kung Ming who were appointed to the Board since the last Annual General Meeting, retire in accordance with Article 86 of the Company's Articles of Association and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Directors' Report**

---

**Directors' Benefits**

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the Directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, other than those arising from the share options granted under the Employee Share Options Scheme.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company as shown in Note 9 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

**Directors' Interest**

According to the register of Directors' shareholdings, the interests of Directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company during the financial year were as follows:

Names of Directors	Number of Ordinary Shares of RM1 Each			
	1.4.2008	Acquired	Sold	31.3.2009
Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong				
Indirect shareholding <sup>#</sup>	23,347,479	-	-	23,347,479
Deemed interest*	409,489	10,000	-	419,489
Chan Saik Chuen				
Direct shareholding	49,537	-	-	49,537
Indirect shareholding <sup>#</sup>	24,529,859	-	-	24,529,859
Deemed interest*	38,500	-	-	38,500
Seah Tee Lean				
Direct shareholding	4,285,140	-	-	4,285,140
Indirect shareholding <sup>#</sup>	2,353,391	-	-	2,353,391
Deemed interest*	1,705,900	275,000	-	1,980,900
Lim Ted Hing				
Direct shareholding	1,711,100	-	-	1,711,100
Fong Kin Wui				
Direct shareholding	1,695,794	-	-	1,695,794
Indirect shareholding <sup>#</sup>	4,262,200	-	-	4,262,200

<sup>#</sup> Held through another body corporate

\* Held by spouse and/or children

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Directors' Report**

---

**Directors' Interest (Cont'd.)**

The Directors, Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong and Chan Saik Chuen by virtue of their interests in shares in the Company, are also deemed to have interest in shares in all of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent the Company has an interest.

The interests of Directors in options granted to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company pursuant to the Employee Share Options Scheme are as follows:

Names of Directors	Option Price RM	Number of Options Over Ordinary Shares of RM1 Each			
		1.4.2008	Granted	Exercised/ Terminated	31.3.2009
Direct interest:					
Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong	1.35	80,000	-	-	80,000
Chan Saik Chuen	1.00	720,000	-	-	720,000
Seah Tee Lean	1.02	800,000	-	-	800,000
Seah Tee Lean	1.02	600,000	-	-	600,000
Lim Ted Hing	1.02	800,000	-	-	800,000
Fong Kin Wui	1.02	800,000	-	-	800,000
Voon Sui Liong @ Paul Voon	1.35	50,000	-	-	50,000
	1.00	450,000	-	-	450,000
Deemed interest for options held by children:					
Datuk Seri Panglima Quek Chiow Yong	1.02	1,075,000	-	-	1,075,000
Seah Tee Lean	1.02	600,000	-	-	600,000

**Treasury Shares**

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 5,710,900 of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM0.63 per share. The total consideration paid for the repurchase including transaction costs was RM3,607,545. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

As at 31 March 2009, the Company held as treasury shares a total of 8,679,000 of its 152,983,300 issued ordinary shares. Such treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM6,395,530 and further relevant details are disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

## **TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### **Directors' Report**

---

#### **Employee Share Options Scheme**

The Tekala Corporation Berhad Employee Share Options Scheme (“ESOS”) for eligible employees and Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries was approved by the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 30 September 2004. The ESOS became effective on 22 November 2004 when the last of the requisite approvals was obtained and is valid for a period of five (5) years expiring on 21 November 2009.

The salient features and other terms of the ESOS are disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements.

There were no options granted during the financial year.

#### **Other Statutory Information**

- (a) Before the income statements and balance sheets of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
  - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that there were no known bad debts and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
  - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
  - (i) it necessary to write off any bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts inadequate to any substantial extent; and
  - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Directors' Report**

---

**Other Statutory Information (Cont'd.)**

- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
  - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the Directors:
- (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due; and
  - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

**Significant Event**

During the financial year, the Company through its wholly owned subsidiary Gerak Armada Sdn. Bhd. subscribed shares in a newly incorporated subsidiary, Offshore Constructor (Labuan) Ltd. as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.



**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Directors' Report**

---

**Auditors**

The auditors, Ernst & Young, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 23 July 2009.

SEAH TEE LEAN

LIM TED HING

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**Statement by Directors**

Pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

---

We, SEAH TEE LEAN and LIM TED HING, being two of the Directors of TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 12 to 65 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 and applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2009 and of the results and the cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 23 July 2009.

SEAH TEE LEAN

LIM TED HING

**Statutory Declaration**

Pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, LIM TED HING, being the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 12 to 65 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared  
by the abovenamed LIM TED  
HING at Sandakan in the State of  
Sabah on 23 July 2009

LIM TED HING

Before me,

**357125-D**

**Independent auditors' report to the members of**

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

**(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

**Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Tekala Corporation Berhad, which comprise the balance sheets as at 31 March 2009 of the Group and of the Company, and the income statements, statements of changes in equity and cash flow statements of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 12 to 65.

*Directors' responsibility for the financial statements*

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

*Auditors' responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

**357125-D**  
**Independent auditors' report to the members of**  
**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD (Cont'd.)**  
**(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

*Opinion*

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2009 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

**Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification and did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

**Other matters**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young  
AF: 0039  
Chartered Accountants

Yong Voon Kar  
1769/04/10 (J/PH)  
Chartered Accountant

Sandakan, Malaysia  
23 July 2009

**Income Statements**

For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Group		Company	
		2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
Revenue	3	127,491,670	114,717,198	6,402,554	9,603,831
Cost of sales	4	(114,046,015)	(107,899,956)	-	-
<b>Gross profit</b>		13,445,655	6,817,242	6,402,554	9,603,831
Other income	5	4,241,507	3,449,010	281,498	194,273
Distribution costs		(1,061,345)	(999,750)	-	-
Other expenses		(285,673)	(329,257)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(11,568,518)	(11,073,703)	(489,623)	(2,233,206)
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>		4,771,626	(2,136,458)	6,194,429	7,564,898
Finance costs	6	(742,806)	-	-	-
Share of profit of an associate		7,720,455	3,679,800	-	-
<b>Profit before tax</b>	7	11,749,275	1,543,342	6,194,429	7,564,898
Income tax expense	10	(1,506,168)	(403,892)	(1,750)	45,007
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<u>10,243,107</u>	<u>1,139,450</u>	<u>6,192,679</u>	<u>7,609,905</u>
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		9,866,161	1,139,450	6,192,679	7,609,905
Minority interests		376,946	-	-	-
		<u>10,243,107</u>	<u>1,139,450</u>	<u>6,192,679</u>	<u>7,609,905</u>
<b>Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company (sen):</b>					
Basic, for profit for the year	11(a)	<u>6.68</u>	<u>0.76</u>		
Diluted, for profit for the year	11(b)	<u>6.68</u>	<u>0.75</u>		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

**Balance Sheets**

As at 31 March 2009

	Note	Group		Company	
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		RM	RM	RM	RM
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	13	172,100,005	16,023,757	-	-
Land lease prepayments	14	19,144,197	19,366,547	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	15	-	-	62,568,205	62,531,305
Investment in an associate	16	54,792,071	31,625,109	-	-
Other investments	17	125,000	131,000	-	-
		<u>246,161,273</u>	<u>67,146,413</u>	<u>62,568,205</u>	<u>62,531,305</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Inventories	18	27,312,825	28,515,551	-	-
Trade and other receivables	19	4,653,277	13,500,178	115,987,376	119,288,838
Tax refundable		2,392,731	3,183,001	68,250	70,000
Cash and bank balances	20	64,250,394	70,278,613	6,448,121	6,381,884
		<u>98,609,227</u>	<u>115,477,343</u>	<u>122,503,747</u>	<u>125,740,722</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>344,770,500</u>	<u>182,623,756</u>	<u>185,071,952</u>	<u>188,272,027</u>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company</b>					
Share capital	21	152,983,300	152,983,300	152,983,300	152,983,300
Share premium	21	16,515,040	16,515,040	16,515,040	16,515,040
Treasury shares	21	(6,395,530)	(2,787,985)	(6,395,530)	(2,787,985)
Other reserves	22	25,935,050	841,268	409,020	371,833
Retained earnings	23	13,052,839	9,141,534	14,324,488	14,086,665
		<u>202,090,699</u>	<u>176,693,157</u>	<u>177,836,318</u>	<u>181,168,853</u>
Minority interests		<u>24,168,561</u>	-	-	-
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>226,259,260</u>	<u>176,693,157</u>	<u>177,836,318</u>	<u>181,168,853</u>

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

**Balance Sheets (Cont'd.)**

As at 31 March 2009

---

	Note	Group		Company	
		2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Deferred tax liabilities	24	<u>959,462</u>	<u>1,055,462</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Trade and other payables	25	117,531,921	4,875,137	7,235,634	7,103,174
Current tax payable		<u>19,857</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>117,551,778</u>	<u>4,875,137</u>	<u>7,235,634</u>	<u>7,103,174</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>118,511,240</u>	<u>5,930,599</u>	<u>7,235,634</u>	<u>7,103,174</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
		<u>344,770,500</u>	<u>182,623,756</u>	<u>185,071,952</u>	<u>188,272,027</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**  
For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	←	Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company				→	Minority Interests	Total Equity	
		Non-Distributable			Distributable				
Note	Share Capital (Note 21) RM	Treasury Shares (Note 21) RM	Share Premium (Note 21) RM	Other Reserves (Note 22) RM	Retained Earnings (Note 23) RM	Total RM	RM	RM	
<b>At 1 April 2007</b>		152,093,600	(2,395,190)	16,502,859	185,412	13,980,687	180,367,368	-	180,367,368
Prior year adjustment of an associate		-	-	-	-	31,125	31,125	-	31,125
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to ESOS		889,700	-	12,181	-	-	901,881	-	901,881
Foreign currency translation of an associate		-	-	-	469,435	-	469,435	-	469,435
Share options granted under ESOS	22	-	-	-	186,421	-	186,421	-	186,421
Purchase of treasury shares	21	-	(389,894)	-	-	-	(389,894)	-	(389,894)
Transaction costs		-	(2,901)	-	-	-	(2,901)	-	(2,901)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	1,139,450	1,139,450	-	1,139,450
Dividends	12	-	-	-	-	(6,009,728)	(6,009,728)	-	(6,009,728)
<b>At 31 March 2008</b>		152,983,300	(2,787,985)	16,515,040	841,268	9,141,534	176,693,157	-	176,693,157



**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Cont'd.)**

For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	Note	← Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company →				Distributable Retained Earnings (Note 23) RM	Total RM	Minority Interests RM	Total Equity RM
		Share Capital (Note 21) RM	Treasury Shares (Note 21) RM	Share Premium (Note 21) RM	Other Reserves (Note 22) RM				
Revaluation reserve of an associate		-	-	-	25,616,067	-	25,616,067	-	25,616,067
Minority interests at date of acquisition of a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	23,791,615	-	23,791,615
Foreign currency translation of									
- an associate		-	-	-	(395,175)	-	(395,175)	-	(395,175)
- a subsidiary		-	-	-	(164,297)	-	(164,297)	-	(164,297)
Share options granted under ESOS	22	-	-	-	37,187	-	37,187	-	37,187
Purchase of treasury shares	21	-	(3,585,781)	-	-	-	(3,585,781)	-	(3,585,781)
Transaction costs		-	(21,764)	-	-	-	(21,764)	-	(21,764)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	9,866,161	9,866,161	376,946	10,243,107
Dividends	12	-	-	-	-	(5,954,856)	(5,954,856)	-	(5,954,856)
<b>At 31 March 2009</b>		<u>152,983,300</u>	<u>(6,395,530)</u>	<u>16,515,040</u>	<u>25,935,050</u>	<u>13,052,839</u>	<u>202,090,699</u>	<u>24,168,561</u>	<u>226,259,260</u>

**Company Statement of Changes in Equity**  
For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Share Capital (Note 21) RM	Non-Distributable			Distributable	Total RM
			Treasury Shares (Note 21) RM	Share Premium (Note 21) RM	Other Reserves (Note 22) RM	Retained Earnings (Note 23) RM	
<b>At 1 April 2007</b>		152,093,600	(2,395,190)	16,502,859	185,412	12,486,488	178,873,169
Issue of ordinary shares pursuant to ESOS		889,700	-	12,181	-	-	901,881
Share options granted under ESOS	22	-	-	-	186,421	-	186,421
Purchase of treasury shares	21	-	(389,894)	-	-	-	(389,894)
Transaction costs		-	(2,901)	-	-	-	(2,901)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	7,609,905	7,609,905
Dividends	12	-	-	-	-	(6,009,728)	(6,009,728)
<b>At 31 March 2008</b>		152,983,300	(2,787,985)	16,515,040	371,833	14,086,665	181,168,853
Share options granted under ESOS	22	-	-	-	37,187	-	37,187
Purchase of treasury shares	21	-	(3,585,781)	-	-	-	(3,585,781)
Transaction costs		-	(21,764)	-	-	-	(21,764)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	6,192,679	6,192,679
Dividends	12	-	-	-	-	(5,954,856)	(5,954,856)
<b>At 31 March 2009</b>		152,983,300	(6,395,530)	16,515,040	409,020	14,324,488	177,836,318

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

**Cash Flow Statements**

For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Group		Company	
		2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities</b>					
Profit before tax		11,749,275	1,543,342	6,194,429	7,564,898
Adjustments for:					
Interest on fixed deposits	5	(2,339,942)	(2,443,616)	(281,498)	(194,273)
Dividend income	5	(5,890)	-	-	-
Unrealised (gain)/loss of foreign exchange differences	5	(12,381)	28,466	-	-
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	5	(1,653,609)	(811,158)	-	-
Finance costs	6	742,806	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of marketable securities	7	2,805	-	-	-
Amortisation of land lease prepayments	7	222,350	222,350	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	4,294,106	3,864,059	-	-
Equipment scrapped	7	392	9,577	-	-
Provision for diminution in value of investments in other investments and subsidiaries	7	-	-	-	1,627,354
Share options granted under ESOS	22	37,187	186,421	287	81,537
Share of profit of an associate		(7,720,455)	(3,679,800)	-	-
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		5,316,644	(1,080,359)	5,913,218	9,079,516
Decrease in inventories		1,202,726	5,612,972	-	-
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		8,961,061	2,673,666	(3,169)	4,809
Increase/(decrease) in payables		4,111,999	(4,925,378)	11,460	(8,089)
Cash generated from operations		19,592,430	2,280,901	5,921,509	9,076,236
Income tax refunded		794,129	-	-	-
Dividend received from an associate		200,285	210,900	-	-
Income tax paid		(1,586,027)	(6,705,734)	-	(19,167)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		19,000,817	(4,213,933)	5,921,509	9,057,069

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Cash Flow Statements (Cont'd.)**  
For the Year Ended 31 March 2009

	Note	Group		Company	
		2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
<b>Cash Flows From Investing Activities</b>					
Acquisition of a subsidiary	15	(22,868,891)	-	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of marketable securities		3,195	-	-	-
Interest on fixed deposits received		2,301,177	2,362,675	278,275	186,007
Dividend income		5,890	-	-	-
Proceeds from redemption of redeemable convertible preference shares by an associate		9,500,000	-	-	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	13	(5,319,508)	(568,922)	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		<u>1,653,964</u>	<u>1,066,800</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		<u>(14,724,173)</u>	<u>2,860,553</u>	<u>278,275</u>	<u>186,007</u>
<b>Cash Flows From Financing Activities</b>					
Purchase of treasury shares	21	(3,607,545)	(392,795)	(3,607,545)	(392,795)
Proceeds from issuance of shares		-	901,881	-	901,881
Finance costs	6	(742,806)	-	-	-
Net change in accounts with subsidiaries		-	-	3,428,854	(3,093,205)
Dividends paid	12	<u>(5,954,856)</u>	<u>(6,009,728)</u>	<u>(5,954,856)</u>	<u>(6,009,728)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(10,305,207)</u>	<u>(5,500,642)</u>	<u>(6,133,547)</u>	<u>(8,593,847)</u>
<b>Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>					
		(6,028,563)	(6,854,022)	66,237	649,229
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes		344	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		<u>70,278,613</u>	<u>77,132,635</u>	<u>6,381,884</u>	<u>5,732,655</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	20	<u><u>64,250,394</u></u>	<u><u>70,278,613</u></u>	<u><u>6,448,121</u></u>	<u><u>6,381,884</u></u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

31 March 2009

---

### **1. Corporate Information**

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office and the principal place at which business is carried out is located at 2nd Floor, Lot 15, Block C, Old Slipway Site, 90000 Sandakan, Sabah.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are timber processing, log timber extraction and investment holding. During the financial year, an indirect subsidiary commenced vessel chartering services to oil and gas industry. There have been no other significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 23 July 2009.

### **2. Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **2.1 Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 and applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. At the beginning of the current financial year, the Group and the Company had adopted the revised FRSs, amendment to FRSs and Interpretations which are mandatory for financial periods beginning on or after 1 July 2007 as described in Note 2.2.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have also been prepared on a historical basis except for vessels included within property, plant and equipment of an associate which are measured at their revalued amounts.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM).

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Effects Arising from Adoption of New and Revised FRSs**

On 1 April 2008, the Group and the Company adopted the following revised FRSs, amendment to FRSs and Interpretations, where applicable:

- FRS 107: Cash Flow Statements
- FRS 111: Construction Contracts
- FRS 112: Income Taxes
- FRS 118: Revenue
- FRS 120: Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance
- FRS 134: Interim Financial Reporting
- FRS 137: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
- Amendment to FRS 121: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates - Net Investment in a Foreign Operation
- IC Interpretation 1: Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities
- IC Interpretation 2: Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments
- IC Interpretation 5: Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds
- IC Interpretation 6: Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment
- IC Interpretation 7: Applying the Restatement Approach under FRS 129 *Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies*
- IC Interpretation 8: Scope of FRS 2

The applicable revised FRSs, amendment to FRSs and Interpretations above do not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.3 Standards and Interpretations Issued but Not Yet Effective**

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following new FRSs and Interpretations were issued but not yet effective and have not been applied by the Group and the Company:

<b>FRSs, Amendment to FRSs and Interpretations</b>	<b>Effective for financial periods beginning on or after</b>
FRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2010
FRS 8: Operating Segments	1 July 2009
FRS139: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	1 January 2010
IC Interpretation 9: Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	1 January 2010
IC Interpretation 10: Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	1 January 2010

The new FRS and Interpretations above are expected to have no significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company upon their initial application except for the changes in disclosures arising from the adoption of FRS 7 and FRS 8.

The Group and the Company are exempted from disclosing the possible impact if any, to the financial statements upon the initial application of FRS 139.

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **(a) Subsidiaries and Basis of Consolidation**

##### **(i) Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the ability to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has such power over another entity.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in income statement.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(a) Subsidiaries and Basis of Consolidation (Cont'd.)**

##### **(ii) Basis of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the balance sheet date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, intragroup balances, transactions and unrealised gains or losses are eliminated in full. Uniform accounting policies are adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the purchase method. The purchase method of accounting involves allocating the cost of the acquisition to the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued, plus any costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities represents goodwill. Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised immediately in income statement.

Minority interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held by the Group. It is measured at the minorities' share of the fair value of the subsidiaries' identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date and the minorities' share of changes in the subsidiaries' equity since then.



## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(b) Associates**

Associates are entities in which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not in control or joint control over those policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment in associate is carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate. The Group's share of the net profit or loss of the associate is recognised in the consolidated income statement. Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of such changes. In applying the equity method, unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's net investment in the associate. The associate is equity accounted for from the date the Group obtains significant influence until the date the Group ceases to have significant influence over the associate.

Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortised. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's income statement in the period in which the investment is acquired.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The most recent available audited financial statements of the associates are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not coterminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and management financial statements to the end of the accounting period. Uniform accounting policies are adopted for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associates are stated at cost less impairment losses.

On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in income statement.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(c) Intangible Assets**

##### **(i) Goodwill**

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost of business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. Following the initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised but instead, it is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

##### **(ii) Other Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair values as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each balance sheet date.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but tested for impairment annually or more frequently if the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is also reviewed annually to determine whether the useful life assessment continues to be supportable.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(d) Property, Plant and Equipment, and Depreciation**

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life, at the following annual rates:

	%
Vessel	3.33
Buildings	5
Plant, machinery and heavy equipment	10 - 20
Motor vehicles	20
Furniture, fittings and equipment	10 - 20

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any and the net carrying amount is recognised in income statement.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(e) Impairment of Non-financial Assets**

The carrying amounts of assets, other than inventories, are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

For goodwill, intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each balance sheet date or more frequently when indicators of impairment are identified.

For the purpose of impairment testing of these assets, recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs to. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's CGUs, or groups of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss is recognised in income statement in the period in which it arises.

Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period. An impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of an asset other than goodwill is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is recognised in income statement.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(f) Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost includes the purchase price of inventories acquired and other attributable costs in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Cost of spare parts and consumables is computed using the weighted average method while cost of camp stores and spares is computed using the first in, first out basis.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods for wood products are computed using the weighted average method. Cost includes direct materials, direct labour, direct overheads and variable production overheads.

Cost of logging work-in-progress is determined using the weighted average method. The cost includes direct labour, materials and other direct expenses.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### **(g) Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are classified as assets, liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. Interest, dividends and gains and losses relating to a financial instrument are reported as expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are recognised directly in equity. Financial assets and liabilities are offset against each other when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **(i) Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purposes of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, deposit at call and short term highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(g) Financial Instruments (Cont'd.)**

##### **(ii) Other non-current investments**

Non-current investments other than investments in subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in income statement.

##### **(iii) Trade receivables**

Trade receivables are carried at anticipated realisable values. Bad debts are written off when identified. An estimate is made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts as at the balance sheet date.

##### **(iv) Trade payables**

Trade payables are stated at the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

##### **(v) Equity instruments**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of tax. Equity transaction costs comprise only those incremental external costs directly attributable to the equity transaction which would otherwise have been avoided.

The consideration paid, including attributable transaction costs on repurchased ordinary shares of the Company that have not been cancelled, are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in income statement on the sale, re-issuance or cancellation of treasury shares. When treasury shares are reissued by resale, the difference between the sales consideration and the carrying amount is recognised in equity.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(h) Leases**

##### **(i) Classification**

A lease is recognised as a finance lease if it transfers substantially to the Group all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. Leases of land and buildings are classified as operating or finance leases in the same way as leases of other assets and the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification. All leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:

- Property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property is classified as an investment property on a property-by-property basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease; and
- Land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease.

##### **(ii) Finance Leases - the Group as Lessee**

Assets acquired by way of hire purchase or finance leases are stated at an amount equal to the lower of their fair values and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The corresponding liability is included in the balance sheet as borrowings. In calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments, the discount factor used is the interest rate implicit in the lease, when it is practicable to determine; otherwise, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used. Any initial direct costs are also added to the carrying amount of such assets.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance costs and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are recognised in the income statement over the term of the relevant lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

The depreciation policy for leased assets is in accordance with that for depreciable property, plant and equipment as described in Note 2.4(d).

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(h) Leases (Cont'd.)**

##### **(iii) Operating Leases - the Group as Lessee**

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

In the case of a lease of land and buildings, the minimum lease payments or the up-front payments made are allocated, whenever necessary, between the land and the buildings elements in proportion to the relative fair values for leasehold interests in the land element and buildings element of the lease at the inception of the lease. The up-front payment represents prepaid lease payments and are amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

##### **(iv) Operating Leases - the Group as Lessor**

Assets leased out under operating leases are presented on the balance sheets according to the nature of the assets. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(i) Income Tax**

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided for, using the liability method. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or negative goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in the profit or loss for the period, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or when it arises from a business combination that is an acquisition, in which case the deferred tax is included in the resulting goodwill or the amount of any excess of the acquirer's interest is the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the combination.

#### **(j) Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(k) Employee Benefits**

##### **(i) Short Term Benefits**

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

##### **(ii) Defined Contribution Plans**

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years. Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss as incurred. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make such contributions to the Employees Provident Fund.

##### **(iii) Share-based Compensation**

The Tekala Corporation Berhad Employee Share Options Scheme (“ESOS”), an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, allows the Group’s employees to acquire ordinary shares of the Company. The total fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve within equity over the vesting period and taking into account the probability that the options will vest. The fair value of share options is measured at grant date, taking into account, if any, the market vesting conditions upon which the options were granted but excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on vesting date.

At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable on vesting date. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period. The equity amount is recognised in the share option reserve until the option is exercised, upon which it will be transferred to share premium, or until the option expires, upon which it will be transferred directly to retained earnings.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to equity when the options are exercised.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(l) Foreign Currencies**

##### **(i) Functional and Presentation Currency**

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (“the functional currency”). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is also the Company’s functional currency.

##### **(ii) Foreign Currency Transactions**

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity’s functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are included in income statement for the period.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in income statement for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

#### **(l) Foreign Currencies (Cont'd.)**

##### **(iii) Foreign Operations**

The results and financial position of foreign operations that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency (RM) of the consolidated financial statements are translated into RM as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each income statement are translated at the closing rate prevailing at the balance sheet date;
- Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates for the year, which approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions; and
- All resulting exchange differences are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve within equity.

#### **(m) Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

##### **(i) Sale of goods**

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

##### **(ii) Vessel chartering income**

Vessel chartering income is recognised upon services rendered.

##### **(iii) Log timber extraction income**

Log timber extraction income is recognised upon delivery of log timber to customers.

##### **(iv) Dividend income**

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)**

### **2.5 Review of Estimates**

The revised FRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment requires the review of the residual value and remaining useful life of an item of property, plant and equipment at least at each financial year end. The Group reviewed the residual values and the estimated useful lives of all property, plant and equipment. The effects of the reviews are immaterial and no adjustment is made. The effects on future periods are dependent on the review of the residual value and remaining useful life of an item of property, plant and equipment in future periods.

### **2.6 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements**

#### **Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### **(i) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment**

The cost of plant and machinery is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these plant and machinery to be within 5 to 10 years. These are common life expectancies applied in the timber industry. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

#### **(ii) Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The total carrying value of recognised tax losses and capital allowances of the Group was RM914,899 (2008: RM1,060,020) and the unrecognised tax losses and capital allowances of the Group was RM19,245,313 (2008: RM17,479,544).

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

---

**3. Revenue**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Revenue from timber processing	123,451,680	102,888,222	-	-
Vessel chartering income	2,278,128	-	-	-
Revenue from log timber extraction	1,761,862	11,828,976	-	-
Tax exempt dividends from an unquoted subsidiary	-	-	6,402,554	9,603,831
	<u>127,491,670</u>	<u>114,717,198</u>	<u>6,402,554</u>	<u>9,603,831</u>

**4. Cost of Sales**

Cost of inventories sold	111,363,460	94,999,661	-	-
Vessel operating expenses	433,785	-	-	-
Log timber extraction cost	2,248,770	12,900,295	-	-
	<u>114,046,015</u>	<u>107,899,956</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**5. Other Income**

Dividend income	5,890	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	1,653,609	811,158	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange				
- Realised	36,591	11,648	-	-
- Unrealised	12,381	-	-	-
Interest on fixed deposits	2,339,942	2,443,616	281,498	194,273
Miscellaneous income	187,094	176,588	-	-
Rental income	6,000	6,000	-	-
	<u>4,241,507</u>	<u>3,449,010</u>	<u>281,498</u>	<u>194,273</u>

**6. Finance Costs**

Interest charged on balance payable for the purchase of a vessel	742,806	-	-	-
	<u>742,806</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

---

**7. Profit before Tax**

The following amounts have been included in arriving at profit before tax:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Amortisation of land				
lease prepayment (Note 14)	222,350	222,350	-	-
Auditors' remuneration:				
- statutory audits	69,200	70,900	25,000	25,000
- other services	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Depreciation of property, plant				
and equipment (Note 13)	4,294,106	3,864,059	-	-
Employee benefits expense				
(Note 8)	17,908,991	16,824,110	40,000	40,000
Equipment scrapped	392	9,577	-	-
Land rental	14,150	85,600	-	-
Loss on disposal of marketable				
securities	2,805	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors'				
remuneration (Note 9)	778,321	820,289	194,995	269,399
Professional fees charged by an				
associate of the Company's				
auditors	45,730	39,200	2,180	1,800
Provision for diminution in				
value of investment in subsidiary	-	-	-	1,627,354
Rental of premises	240,000	240,000	-	-
Unrealised loss on foreign exchange	-	28,466	-	-
	=====	=====	=====	=====

**8. Employee Benefits Expense**

Salaries, wages and allowances	16,423,530	15,362,639	40,000	40,000
Contributions to defined				
contribution plan	1,035,388	1,000,389	-	-
Gratuity	37,098	-	-	-
Share options granted under ESOS	36,900	104,884	-	-
Social security contributions	59,285	57,190	-	-
Benefits-in-kind	316,790	299,008	-	-
	=====	=====	=====	=====
	17,908,991	16,824,110	40,000	40,000

Included in employee benefits expense of the Group and of the Company are Executive Directors' remuneration amounting to RM5,053,399 (2008: RM4,866,016) and RM40,000 (2008: RM40,000) respectively as further disclosed in Note 9.

**9. Directors' Remuneration**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Directors of the Company</b>				
Executive:				
- Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	3,080,020	2,923,740	-	-
- Fees	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
- Benefits-in-kind	94,269	89,887	-	-
	<u>3,214,289</u>	<u>3,053,627</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>
Non-Executive:				
- Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	719,208	688,862	159,708	157,862
- Fees	35,000	30,000	35,000	30,000
- Benefits-in-kind	23,826	19,890	-	-
- Share options granted under ESOS	287	81,537	287	81,537
	<u>778,321</u>	<u>820,289</u>	<u>194,995</u>	<u>269,399</u>
	<u>3,992,610</u>	<u>3,873,916</u>	<u>234,995</u>	<u>309,399</u>
<b>Other directors of Subsidiaries</b>				
Executive:				
- Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	1,732,700	1,727,780	-	-
- Benefits-in-kind	106,410	84,609	-	-
	<u>1,839,110</u>	<u>1,812,389</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>5,831,720</u>	<u>5,686,305</u>	<u>234,995</u>	<u>309,399</u>

**10. Income Tax Expense**

Current income tax:				
On results for the year	1,612,313	987,290	1,750	-
Overprovision in prior years	(10,145)	(39,348)	-	(45,007)
	<u>1,602,168</u>	<u>947,942</u>	<u>1,750</u>	<u>(45,007)</u>
Deferred tax (Note 24):				
Relating to reversal of temporary differences	(96,000)	(544,050)	-	-
Total income tax expense	<u>1,506,168</u>	<u>403,892</u>	<u>1,750</u>	<u>(45,007)</u>



## 10. Income Tax Expense (Cont'd.)

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2008: 26%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. In the prior year, certain subsidiaries of the Company being Malaysian resident companies with paid-up capital of RM2.5 million or less qualified for the preferential tax rates under Paragraph 2A, Schedule 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1967 as follows:

On the first RM500,000 of chargeable income : 20%  
In excess of RM500,000 of chargeable income : 26%

However, pursuant to Paragraph 2B, Schedule 1 of the Income Tax Act, 1967 that was introduced with effect from the year of assessment 2009, these subsidiaries no longer qualify for the above preferential tax rates.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Profit before tax	<u>11,749,275</u>	<u>1,543,342</u>	<u>6,194,429</u>	<u>7,564,898</u>
Tax expense at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2008: 26%)	2,937,319	401,269	1,548,607	1,966,873
Effect of changes in tax rates	-	(22,275)	-	-
Effect of income subject to tax rate of 20%	-	(17,818)	-	-
Income not subject to tax	(50,070)	(73,271)	(1,600,639)	(2,496,996)
Different tax rate in Labuan	(231,418)	-	-	-
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	282,132	426,622	53,782	530,123
Share of results of an associate	(1,861,518)	(956,748)	-	-
Deferred tax assets not recognised in respect of current year's tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances	439,868	685,461	-	-
Overprovision of tax expense in prior years	<u>(10,145)</u>	<u>(39,348)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(45,007)</u>
Income tax expense for the year	<u>1,506,168</u>	<u>403,892</u>	<u>1,750</u>	<u>(45,007)</u>

**10. Income Tax Expense (Cont'd.)**

	<b>2009</b>	<b>Group</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>		<b>RM</b>
Tax savings recognised during the year arising from utilisation of:			
- current year tax losses	-		123,658
- current year capital allowances	792,290		454,573
	<u>792,290</u>		<u>454,573</u>
Unutilised tax losses carried forward	17,981,715		16,369,245
Unabsorbed capital and forest allowances carried forward	2,178,497		2,131,388
	<u>2,178,497</u>		<u>2,131,388</u>

**11. Earnings Per Share**

**(a) Basic**

Basic earnings per share amount is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year, excluding treasury shares held by the Company.

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
Profit for the year (RM)	9,866,161	1,139,450
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	147,623,290	149,899,899
Basic earnings per share (sen)	6.68	0.76
	<u>6.68</u>	<u>0.76</u>

**(b) Diluted**

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year have been adjusted for the dilutive effects of all potential ordinary shares, namely share options granted to employees.

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
Profit for the year (RM)	9,866,161	1,139,450
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	147,623,290	149,899,899
Effect of dilution in share options	-	424,767
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and issuable	147,623,290	150,324,666
Diluted earnings per share (sen)	6.68	0.75
	<u>6.68</u>	<u>0.75</u>

**12. Dividends**

	<b>Dividends</b>		<b>Dividends</b>	
	<b>in respect of Year</b>		<b>recognised in Year</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Recognised during the year:</b>				
First interim tax exempt dividend for 2007: 2% on 149,617,300 ordinary shares (netted off 2,476,300 treasury share) (2 sen per ordinary share)	-	2,992,346	-	-
Final tax exempt dividend for 2007: 4% on 150,243,200 ordinary shares (netted off 2,740,100 treasury shares) (4 sen per ordinary share)	-	6,009,728	-	6,009,728
Final tax exempt dividend for 2008: 4% on 148,871,400 ordinary shares (netted off 4,111,900 treasury shares) (4 sen per ordinary share)	<u>5,954,856</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,954,856</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>5,954,856</u>	<u>9,002,074</u>	<u>5,954,856</u>	<u>6,009,728</u>

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final tax exempt dividend of 4% in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2009 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 March 2010.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

**Notes to the Financial Statements****13. Property, Plant and Equipment**

Group	Vessel RM	Buildings RM	Plant, machinery and heavy equipment RM	Motor vehicles RM	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM	Total RM
<b>At 31 March 2009</b>						
<b>Cost</b>						
At 1 April 2008	-	23,643,594	68,007,609	2,610,566	1,482,425	95,744,194
Additions	-	-	5,057,963	202,815	58,730	5,319,508
Disposals	-	-	(6,937,085)	(389,150)	(1,399)	(7,327,634)
Scrapped	-	-	(2,000)	-	(40,623)	(42,623)
At date of acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 15)	155,571,250	-	-	-	-	155,571,250
Exchange differences	(522,750)	-	-	-	-	(522,750)
At 31 March 2009	155,048,500	23,643,594	66,126,487	2,424,231	1,499,133	248,741,945
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>						
At 1 April 2008	-	16,270,110	60,073,185	2,044,788	1,332,354	79,720,437
Depreciation charge for the year	433,785	1,181,922	2,420,549	203,987	53,863	4,294,106
Disposals	-	-	(6,937,082)	(389,147)	(1,050)	(7,327,279)
Scrapped	-	-	(1,998)	-	(40,233)	(42,231)
Reclassification	-	-	121,374	(121,374)	-	-
Exchange differences	(3,093)	-	-	-	-	(3,093)
At 31 March 2009	430,692	17,452,032	55,676,028	1,738,254	1,344,934	76,641,940
<b>Net carrying amount</b>						
At 31 March 2009	154,617,808	6,191,562	10,450,459	685,977	154,199	172,100,005
<b>At 31 March 2008</b>						
<b>Cost</b>						
At 1 April 2007	-	23,643,594	71,595,888	2,472,693	1,613,890	99,326,065
Additions	-	-	18,010	515,115	35,797	568,922
Disposals	-	-	(3,514,589)	(377,242)	-	(3,891,831)
Scrapped	-	-	(91,700)	-	(167,262)	(258,962)
At 31 March 2008	-	23,643,594	68,007,609	2,610,566	1,482,425	95,744,194
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>						
At 1 April 2007	-	15,087,916	61,100,974	2,108,753	1,444,309	79,741,952
Depreciation charge for the year	-	1,182,194	2,314,280	313,273	54,312	3,864,059
Disposals	-	-	(3,258,951)	(377,238)	-	(3,636,189)
Scrapped	-	-	(83,118)	-	(166,267)	(249,385)
At 31 March 2008	-	16,270,110	60,073,185	2,044,788	1,332,354	79,720,437
<b>Net carrying amount</b>						
At 31 March 2008	-	7,373,484	7,934,424	565,778	150,071	16,023,757

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**14. Land Lease Prepayments**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Long Term Leasehold Land</b>		
At beginning of year	19,366,547	19,588,897
Amortisation charge for the year (Note 7)	(222,350)	(222,350)
At end of year	<u>19,144,197</u>	<u>19,366,547</u>

**15. Investments in Subsidiaries**

	<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Unquoted shares at cost	90,084,893	90,084,893
Add: Share options under ESOS	212,131	175,231
	<u>90,297,024</u>	<u>90,260,124</u>
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments in subsidiaries		
At beginning of year	27,728,819	26,101,465
Current year provision	-	1,627,354
At end of year	<u>27,728,819</u>	<u>27,728,819</u>
	<u>62,568,205</u>	<u>62,531,305</u>

Details of the subsidiaries, which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

<b>Name of Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Principal Activities</b>	<b>Proportion of Ownership Interest</b>	
		<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Syarikat Tekala Sdn. Bhd.	Log timber extraction	100	100
Kalabakan Plywood Sdn. Bhd.	Timber processing	100	100
Marimba Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Gerak Armada Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
Kinamarketing (S) Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100
Kim Haw Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100

**15. Investments in Subsidiaries (Cont'd.)**

Name of Subsidiaries	Principal Activities	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
		2009 %	2008 %
<b>Subsidiaries of Kalabakan Plywood Sdn. Bhd.</b>			
Kalabakan Wood Products Sdn. Bhd.	Provision of storage services	100	100
Korsa Plywood Sdn. Bhd. (Not yet commenced operation)	Downstream timber processing	100	100
Dealpact Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100
<b>Subsidiaries of Marimba Sdn. Bhd.</b>			
Hartawan Ekuiti Sdn. Bhd.	Ceased operation	100	100
Barimas Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100
Sabacergas Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100
Szan Szui Kayu Balak (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd. (In Liquidation)	Ceased operation	100	100
<b>Subsidiary of Gerak Armada Sdn. Bhd.</b>			
Offshore Constructor (Labuan) Ltd.	Vessel chartering	61.76	-

**Acquisition of subsidiary**

On 20 February 2009, the Company through its wholly owned subsidiary, Gerak Armada Sdn. Bhd. (“GASB”) entered into a Subscription and Shareholders’ Agreement (“the Agreement”) with Offshore Construction & Engineering Sdn. Bhd., a subsidiary of an associate, and Offshore Constructor (Labuan) Ltd (“OCL”) whereby GASB subscribed 4,709 new ordinary shares of USD1.00 each in OCL representing 49.01% of the issued and paid-up share capital at an issue price of USD1,326.71 per share. The subscription of shares in OCL was completed on 23 February 2009. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company will have the majority number of directors in OCL. The Company also has an indirect interest of 12.75% in OCL through its associate. Therefore, the Company has an effective equity interest in OCL of 61.76% and as a result, the financial statements of OCL have been consolidated in the financial statements of the Group.

The total cost of acquisition is RM22,868,891.

**15. Investments in Subsidiaries (Cont'd.)**

The acquired subsidiary has contributed the following results to the Group:

	<b>2009</b>
	<b>RM</b>
Revenue	2,278,128
Profit for the period	<u>985,672</u>

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 April 2008, the Group revenue and profit for the year would have been RM127,491,670 and RM10,243,107 respectively.

The assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition on 20 February 2009 are as follows:

	<b>Fair value recognised on acquisition RM</b>	<b>Acquiree's carrying amount RM</b>
Property, plant and equipment	155,571,250	155,571,250
Other payables	<u>(108,910,744)</u>	<u>(108,910,744)</u>
Total net assets	46,660,506	46,660,506
Less: Minority interests	<u>(23,791,615)</u>	<u>(23,791,615)</u>
Group's share of net assets	<u>22,868,891</u>	<u>22,868,891</u>

The cash outflow on acquisition is as follows:

	<b>2009</b>
	<b>RM</b>
Purchase consideration satisfied by cash	22,868,891
Cash and cash equivalent of subsidiary acquired	<u>-</u>
Net cash outflow of the Group	<u>22,868,891</u>

**16. Investment in An Associate**

	<b>2009</b>	<b>Group</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>2008</b>
		<b>RM</b>
Unquoted ordinary shares in Malaysia, at cost	16,016,870	16,016,870
Share of post-acquisition reserves	38,775,201	6,108,239
300% Redeemable Cumulative 3 Year Preference Shares	-	9,500,000
	<u>54,792,071</u>	<u>31,625,109</u>

Share of post-acquisition reserves included share of post-acquisition revaluation reserve of vessels amounted to RM25,616,067 (2008: Nil).

Details of the associate held by the subsidiary, Gerak Armada Sdn. Bhd. which is incorporated in Malaysia, is as follows:

<b>Name of Associate</b>	<b>Principal Activities</b>	<b>Proportion of Ownership Interest</b>	
		<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Offshoreworks Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	Company's activity is investment holding while the Group is an oil and gas services provider	25	25

The summarised financial information of the associate is as follows:

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Assets and liabilities</b>		
Current assets	367,150,728	79,866,830
Non-current assets	210,293,362	87,099,208
Total assets	<u>577,444,090</u>	<u>166,966,038</u>
Current liabilities	(275,343,489)	(69,509,540)
Non-current liabilities	(134,051,365)	(60,075,101)
Total liabilities	<u>(409,394,854)</u>	<u>(129,584,641)</u>
<b>Results</b>		
Revenue	461,095,495	181,589,339
Profit for the year	<u>29,784,275</u>	<u>13,875,601</u>

The amount of goodwill included within the Group's carrying amount of investment in an associate is RM12,779,762 (2008: RM12,779,762)



**17. Other Investments**

	<b>2009</b>	<b>Group</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>2008</b>
		<b>RM</b>
<b>At cost</b>		
Unquoted shares	325,000	325,000
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments	200,000	200,000
	<u>125,000</u>	<u>125,000</u>
Shares quoted in Malaysia	-	6,000
	<u>125,000</u>	<u>131,000</u>
	<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>
Market value of quoted shares	-	3,990
	<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>

**18. Inventories**

<b>Cost</b>		
Finished goods	1,030,080	14,528,006
Production supplies	2,657,054	3,065,376
Raw materials	3,212,700	3,527,962
Stock-in-transit	2,345,309	2,853,276
Work-in-progress	4,960,607	3,201,799
	<u>14,205,750</u>	<u>27,176,419</u>
	<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>
<b>Net realisable value</b>		
Finished goods	13,056,555	1,310,739
Work-in-progress	50,520	28,393
	<u>13,107,075</u>	<u>1,339,132</u>
	<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>
	<u>27,312,825</u>	<u>28,515,551</u>
	<u>-----</u>	<u>-----</u>

**19. Trade and Other Receivables**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Trade receivables</b>				
Third parties	3,556,512	13,985,606	-	-
Subsidiary of an associate	1,487,896	-	-	-
	<u>5,044,408</u>	<u>13,985,606</u>		
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-
	<u>3,544,408</u>	<u>12,485,606</u>	-	-
			-	5
<b>Other receivables</b>				
Amounts due from subsidiaries	-	-	115,951,218	119,259,072
Deposits	52,024	52,925	6,500	6,500
Prepayments	466,291	394,698	26,435	15,000
Sundry receivables	590,554	566,949	3,223	8,266
	<u>1,108,869</u>	<u>1,014,572</u>	<u>115,987,376</u>	<u>119,288,838</u>
	<u>4,653,277</u>	<u>13,500,178</u>	<u>115,987,376</u>	<u>119,288,838</u>

**(a) Credit risk**

The Group's primary exposure to credit risk arises through its trade receivables. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit period is generally for a period ranging from 30 days to 60 days. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. There is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

**(b) Amounts due from subsidiaries**

Amounts due from subsidiaries are non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand. These amounts are unsecured and are to be settled in cash.

Further details on related party transactions are disclosed in Note 28(a).

## 20. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
Cash on hand and at banks	2,208,356	3,188,613	48,121	31,884
Deposits with licensed banks	57,036,148	67,090,000	6,400,000	6,350,000
Short-term investments	5,005,890	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	64,250,394	70,278,613	6,448,121	6,381,884

The interest rates of fixed deposits of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ranged from 1.15% to 3.40% (2008: 2.70% to 3.45%) and 3.00% to 3.37% (2008: 3.00% to 3.37%) per annum respectively.

Included in fixed deposits are the insurance monies received pursuant to the Group personal accident policy and interest earned thereon totalling RM5,091,148 which is payable to the estate of a deceased director of certain subsidiaries upon granting of letter of probate from the High Court.

## 21. Share Capital, Share Premium and Treasury Shares

	Number of Ordinary Shares of RM1 Each		Amount			
	Share Capital (Issued and fully paid)	Treasury Share	Share Capital (Issued and fully paid) RM	Share Premium RM	Total Share Capital and Share Premium RM	Treasury Shares RM
At 1 April 2007	152,093,600	(2,563,300)	152,093,600	16,502,859	168,596,459	(2,395,190)
Ordinary shares issued pursuant to ESOS (Note 26)	889,700	-	889,700	12,181	901,881	-
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(404,800)	-	-	-	(389,894)
Transaction costs	-	-	-	-	-	(2,901)
At 31 March 2008 and 1 April 2008	152,983,300	(2,968,100)	152,983,300	16,515,040	169,498,340	(2,787,985)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(5,710,900)	-	-	-	(3,585,781)
Transaction costs	-	-	-	-	-	(21,764)
At 31 March 2009	152,983,300	(8,679,000)	152,983,300	16,515,040	169,498,340	(6,395,530)

**21. Share Capital, Share Premium and Treasury Shares (Cont'd.)**

	<b>Number of Ordinary Shares of RM1 Each</b>		<b>Amount</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009 RM</b>	<b>2008 RM</b>
<b>Authorised share capital</b>				
At beginning and end of year	<u>500,000,000</u>	<u>500,000,000</u>	<u>500,000,000</u>	<u>500,000,000</u>

**Treasury Shares**

This amount represents the acquisition cost of treasury shares.

The shareholders of the Company, by an ordinary resolution passed in a general meeting held on 23 September 2008 to approve the renewal of authority of the Directors of the Company to repurchase its own ordinary shares. The Directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 5,710,900 of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM0.63 per share. The total consideration paid for the repurchase was RM3,607,545 comprising consideration paid amounting to RM3,585,781 and transaction costs of RM21,764. The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

Of the total 152,983,300 (2008: 152,983,300) issued and fully paid ordinary shares as at 31 March 2009, 8,679,000 (2008: 2,968,100) are held as treasury shares by the Company. As at 31 March 2009, the number of outstanding ordinary shares in issue after the setoff is therefore 144,304,300 (2008: 150,015,200) ordinary shares of RM1 each.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**22. Other Reserves**

<b>Group</b>	<b>Foreign Currency Translation Reserve RM</b>	<b>Share Option Reserve RM</b>	<b>Revaluation Reserve RM</b>	<b>Total RM</b>
At 1 April 2007	-	185,412	-	185,412
Share options granted under ESOS recognised in income statement	-	186,421	-	186,421
Foreign currency translation of an associate	<u>469,435</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>469,435</u>
At 31 March 2008	469,435	371,833	-	841,268
Share options granted under ESOS recognised in income statement	-	37,187	-	37,187
Foreign currency translation of - an associate	(395,175)	-	-	(395,175)
- a subsidiary	(164,297)	-	-	(164,297)
Revaluation reserve of an associate	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,616,067</u>	<u>25,616,067</u>
At 31 March 2009	<u>(90,037)</u>	<u>409,020</u>	<u>25,616,067</u>	<u>25,935,050</u>
<b>Company</b>				
At 1 April 2007	-	185,412	-	185,412
Share options granted under ESOS: - Recognised in income statement	-	81,537	-	81,537
- Included in investments in subsidiaries (Note 15)	<u>-</u>	<u>104,884</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>104,884</u>
At 31 March 2008	-	371,833	-	371,833
Share options granted under ESOS: - Recognised in income statement	-	287	-	287
- Included in investments in subsidiaries (Note 15)	<u>-</u>	<u>36,900</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,900</u>
At 31 March 2009	<u>-</u>	<u>409,020</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>409,020</u>

The share option reserve represents the equity-settled share options granted to employees and Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. This reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees and Directors recorded on grant of share options.

**23. Retained Earnings**

Prior to the year of assessment 2008, Malaysian companies adopt the full imputation system. In accordance with the Finance Act 2007 which was gazetted on 28 December 2007, companies shall not be entitled to deduct tax on dividend paid, credited or distributed to its shareholders, and such dividends will be exempted from tax in the hands of the shareholders (“single tier system”). However, there is a transitional period of six years, expiring on 31 December 2013, to allow companies to pay franked dividends to their shareholders under limited circumstances. Companies also have an irrevocable option to disregard the 108 balance and opt to pay dividends under the single tier system. The change in the tax legislation also provides for the 108 balance to be locked-in as at 31 December 2007 in accordance with Section 39 of the Finance Act 2007.

As at 31 March 2009, the Company has tax exempt profits available for distribution of approximately RM44,097,369 (2008: RM43,649,671), subject to the agreement of the Inland Revenue Board.

The Company did not elect for irrevocable option to disregard the 108 balance. Accordingly, during the transitional period, the Company may utilise the credit in the 108 balance as at 31 March 2009 and 2008 to distribute cash dividend payments to ordinary shareholders as defined under the Finance Act 2007. As at 31 March 2009 and 2008, the Company has sufficient credit in the 108 balance and the balance in the tax exempt income account to distribute dividends out of its entire retained earnings.

**24. Deferred Tax**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
At beginning of year	1,055,462	1,599,512
Recognised in income statement (Note 10)	<u>(96,000)</u>	<u>(544,050)</u>
At end of year	<u>959,462</u>	<u>1,055,462</u>

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities and assets during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

**Group****Deferred Tax Liabilities in respect of Property, Plant and Equipment**

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
At beginning of year	1,310,734	1,892,115
Recognised in income statement	<u>(122,547)</u>	<u>(581,381)</u>
At end of year	<u>1,188,187</u>	<u>1,310,734</u>

**24. Deferred Tax (Cont'd.)**

**Deferred Tax Assets**

	<b>Unutilised Tax Losses RM</b>	<b>Unabsorbed Capital Allowances RM</b>	<b>Total RM</b>
At 1 April 2008	-	(255,272)	(255,272)
Recognised in income statement	<u>(2,597)</u>	<u>29,144</u>	<u>26,547</u>
At 31 March 2009	<u><u>(2,597)</u></u>	<u><u>(226,128)</u></u>	<u><u>(228,725)</u></u>
At 1 April 2007	-	(292,603)	(292,603)
Recognised in income statement	<u>-</u>	<u>37,331</u>	<u>37,331</u>
At 31 March 2008	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>(255,272)</u></u>	<u><u>(255,272)</u></u>

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	<b>2009 RM</b>	<b>Group 2008 RM</b>
Unutilised tax losses	17,971,326	16,369,245
Unabsorbed capital and forest allowances	<u>1,273,987</u>	<u>1,110,299</u>
	<u><u>19,245,313</u></u>	<u><u>17,479,544</u></u>

The unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital and forest allowances of the Group are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the respective entities within the Group, subject to no substantial change in shareholdings of those entities under the Income Tax Act, 1967 and guidelines issued by the tax authority.

**25. Trade and Other Payables**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Trade payables</b>				
Third parties	<u>2,370,517</u>	<u>2,890,766</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Other payables</b>				
Amounts due to subsidiaries	-	-	7,117,572	6,996,572
Accruals	823,295	974,209	102,700	100,673
Other payables	<u>114,338,109</u>	<u>1,010,162</u>	<u>15,362</u>	<u>5,929</u>
	<u>115,161,404</u>	<u>1,984,371</u>	<u>7,235,634</u>	<u>7,103,174</u>
	<u><u>117,531,921</u></u>	<u><u>4,875,137</u></u>	<u><u>7,235,634</u></u>	<u><u>7,103,174</u></u>

**(a) Trade payables**

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and the normal trade credit terms granted to the Group range from 30 days to 90 days.

**(b) Amounts due to subsidiaries**

Amounts due to subsidiaries are non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand. These amounts are unsecured and are to be settled in cash.

Further details on related party transactions are disclosed in Note 28(a).

**(c) Other payables**

Included in other payables are insurance monies payable of RM5,091,148 (2008: Nil) as disclosed in Note 20 and interest bearing amount of RM108,544,785 (2008: Nil) due to the associate's subsidiary, Offshore Construction & Engineering Sdn. Bhd. for the purchase of a vessel.



## **26. Employee Benefits - Employee Share Options Scheme (“ESOS”)**

The ESOS for eligible employees and Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries was approved by the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 30 September 2004. The ESOS became effective on 22 November 2004 and is valid for a period of five (5) years expiring on 21 November 2009.

The salient features of the ESOS are as follows:

- (i) The maximum number of new shares which may be subscribed on the exercise of options granted under the ESOS shall not, in aggregate, be more than fifteen per cent (15%) of the total issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company at any point of time during the existence of the scheme;
- (ii) The option price for each new share at which the grantee is entitled to subscribe upon exercise of his rights under the option shall be the weighted average of the mean market price of the Company’s shares as quoted and shown in the daily official list issued by the Bursa Malaysia for the five (5) market days immediately preceding the date of offer set at a discount if deemed appropriate by the option committee of not more than ten percent (10%) or the par value of the Company’s shares, whichever is higher. Notwithstanding this, the option price per share shall in no event be less than the par value of the shares;
- (iii) Eligible employees, executive Directors and non-executive Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies with at least one (1) year of service and any Non-Malaysian employee who has served the Group for a continuous period of at least two (2) years shall be eligible to participate in the ESOS;
- (iv) The allowable allotment that may be offered to eligible employees and Directors under the ESOS ranges from 5,000 to 800,000 ordinary shares;
- (v) The persons to whom the options have been granted do not have any right to participate by virtue of such options in any other ESOS of any company within the Group so long as the scheme subsists. Subject to the Bye-Laws of the ESOS, the options granted are exercisable within the option period which is between one to five years; and
- (vi) The new shares to be allotted and issued upon any exercise of the options will upon such allotment and issuance, rank pari passu in all respects with the then issued and fully paid-up shares except that the shares so issued will not rank for any dividends, rights, allotments or other distributions, the entitlement date (namely the date as at the close of business on which shareholders must be registered in order to be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments or other distributions) of which is prior to the date of allotment of the new shares and will be subject to all the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company relating to transfer, transmission and otherwise.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**

(Company No: 357125-D)

**Notes to the Financial Statements****26. Employee Benefits - Employee Share Options Scheme ("ESOS") (Cont'd.)**

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share options during the year:

	Number of Share Options					
	← Outstanding at 1 April	← Movements During the Year →			Outstanding at 31 March	Exercisable at 31 March
		Granted	Exercised	Terminated		
<b>2009</b>						
22.12.2004	9,899,000	-	-	(327,400)	9,571,600	9,571,600
06.05.2005	130,000	-	-	-	130,000	130,000
17.02.2006	1,620,000	-	-	(450,000)	1,170,000	1,170,000
13.11.2006	1,360,700	-	-	(27,500)	1,333,200	1,333,200
27.09.2008	61,300	-	-	(31,300)	30,000	30,000
	13,071,000	-	-	(836,200)	12,234,800	12,234,800
<b>WAEP</b>	1.02	-	-	1.01	1.02	1.02
<b>2008</b>						
22.12.2004	10,766,800	-	(609,000)	(258,800)	9,899,000	9,899,000
06.05.2005	130,000	-	-	-	130,000	130,000
17.02.2006	1,620,000	-	-	-	1,620,000	1,215,000
13.11.2006	1,690,200	-	(280,700)	(48,800)	1,360,700	953,200
27.09.2008	-	861,300	-	(800,000)	61,300	31,200
	14,207,000	861,300	(889,700)	(1,107,600)	13,071,000	12,228,400
<b>WAEP</b>	1.02	1.09	1.01	1.07	1.02	1.02

**(i) Details of share options outstanding at the end of the year:**

	WAEP RM	Exercised Period
<b>2009</b>		
22.12.2004	1.02	22.12.2004 - 21.11.2009
06.05.2005	1.35	06.05.2005 - 21.11.2009
17.02.2006	1.00	17.02.2006 - 21.11.2009
13.11.2006	1.00	13.11.2006 - 21.11.2009
27.09.2008	1.09	27.09.2008 - 21.11.2009
<b>2008</b>		
22.12.2004	1.02	22.12.2004 - 21.11.2009
06.05.2005	1.35	06.05.2005 - 21.11.2009
17.02.2006	1.00	17.02.2006 - 21.11.2009
13.11.2006	1.00	13.11.2006 - 21.11.2009
27.09.2008	1.09	27.09.2008 - 21.11.2009

**(ii) Share options exercised during the year**

Options exercised during the financial year amounted to nil (2008: 889,700 options).

## 27. Contingent Liabilities

### Unsecured

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Corporate guarantees given to banks for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries	-	-	6,200,000	6,200,000
	=====	=====	=====	=====

## 28. Related Party Disclosures

- (a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, further details of related party transactions are as follows:

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<b>Group</b>		
Rental of premises paid to Syarikat Kretam Sdn. Bhd., a company in which certain Directors of the Company are also directors	240,000	240,000
	=====	=====
Transactions with Offshore Construction & Engineering Sdn. Bhd., an associate's subsidiary		
Interest charged on balance payable for the purchase of a vessel	742,806	-
Vessel chartering	2,278,128	-
	=====	=====

Information regarding outstanding balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 March 2009 are disclosed in Note 19 and Note 25.

The above related party transactions were entered in the ordinary course of business upon terms and conditions mutually agreed between the relevant parties.

### Company

	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Transaction with a subsidiary		
Tax exempt dividend from an unquoted subsidiary	6,402,554	9,603,831
	=====	=====

**28. Related Party Disclosures (Cont'd.)**

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Executive Directors and other members of key management during the financial year was as follows:

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Short-term employee benefits	5,362,556	5,163,931
Post employment benefits:		
Defined contribution plan	<u>456,807</u>	<u>444,309</u>
	<u><u>5,819,363</u></u>	<u><u>5,608,240</u></u>

The Executive Directors and other members of key management have been granted the following number of options under Employee Share Options Scheme (“ESOS”):

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
At beginning of year	5,600,000	5,700,000
Granted	-	800,000
Exercised	-	(100,000)
Terminated	-	(800,000)
At end of year	<u><u>5,600,000</u></u>	<u><u>5,600,000</u></u>

The share options were granted on the same terms and conditions as those offered to other employees of the Group (Note 26).

**29. Capital Commitments**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Capital expenditure approved and contracted for:		
Property, plant and equipment	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>3,043,572</u></u>

### **30. Financial Instruments**

#### **(a) Financial risk management objective and policies**

The Group's financial risk management policy is guided by the need to ensure that timely and adequate funds are available for the business development and operational needs and in managing its foreign exchange, liquidity and credit risks. It is the Group's policy not to engage in speculative transactions.

#### **(b) Foreign currency risk**

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk as certain purchases and sales are transacted in United States Dollar and Japanese Yen. Foreign exchange exposures in transactional currencies are not hedged.

The Company does not transact in derivative instruments.

#### **(c) Liquidity risk**

The Group manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities of a reasonable level to its overall debt position.

#### **(d) Credit risk**

Credit risk is controlled by the application of credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures. Credit risk is minimised and monitored by limiting the Group's associations to business partners with high creditworthiness. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via group management reporting procedures.

The Group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer or counterparty nor does it have any major concentration of credit risk related to any financial instruments.

### **30. Financial Instruments (Cont'd.)**

#### **(e) Fair values**

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities of the Group and of the Company at the balance sheet date approximated their fair values due to their short term maturities.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of these instruments:

##### **(i) Investments in Unquoted Shares**

In the opinion of the Directors, it is not practicable to determine the fair values of these financial assets due principally to a lack of quoted market price and the inability to estimate fair value. However, the Group does not anticipate the carrying amounts recorded at the balance sheet date to be significantly different from the recoverable values.

##### **(ii) Investments in Quoted Shares**

The fair value of quoted shares is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of the business on the balance sheet date.

The carrying amounts of the investments in quoted shares have not been reduced to fair value as the impairment in the value of investments is not material. However, the Company believes that the carrying amounts represent the recoverable value in future.

##### **(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Amounts Due To/From Subsidiaries, Trade and Other Receivables and Payables**

The carrying amounts approximate their fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

### **31. Segmental Information**

#### **(a) Reporting format**

The primary segment reporting format is determined to be business segments as the Group's risks and rates of return are affected predominantly by differences in the products and services produced. Secondary information is reported geographically. The operating businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

#### **(b) Business segment**

The Group's operations, conducted in Malaysia, comprise the following main business segments:

- (i) Timber processing
- (ii) Vessel chartering
- (iii) Investment holding
- (iv) Log timber extraction

The Directors are of the opinion that all inter-segment transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions mutually agreed between the relevant parties.

#### **(c) Geographical segments**

The Group's geographical segments are based on the location of the Group's assets which are in Malaysia. Sales to external customers disclosed in geographical segments are based on the geographical location of its customers as follows:

- (i) Malaysia - Investment holding, vessel chartering and log timber extraction
- (ii) North Asia - Timber processing

#### **(d) Allocation basis and transfer pricing**

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, liabilities and expenses.

Transfer prices between business segments are set on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Segment revenue, expenses and results include transfers between business segments. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation.

**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

---

**31. Segmental Information (Cont'd.)**

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue, results, assets liabilities and other information by business segment.

**Business Segments**

	<b>Investment holding RM</b>	<b>Timber processing RM</b>	<b>Log timber extraction RM</b>	<b>Vessel chartering RM</b>	<b>Elimination RM</b>	<b>Consolidated RM</b>
<b>31 March 2009</b>						
<b>Revenue</b>						
Revenue from external customers	200,285	123,451,680	1,761,862	2,278,128	(200,285)	127,491,670
Inter-segment revenue	<u>6,402,554</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,402,554)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue	<u>6,602,839</u>	<u>123,451,680</u>	<u>1,761,862</u>	<u>2,278,128</u>	<u>(6,602,839)</u>	<u>127,491,670</u>
<b>Results</b>						
Segment results	<u>6,602,839</u>	<u>12,446,663</u>	<u>(290,804)</u>	<u>1,844,343</u>	<u>(6,602,839)</u>	14,000,202
Unallocated expenses						(11,568,518)
Interest on fixed deposits						2,339,942
Finance costs						(742,806)
Share of profit of an associate						<u>7,720,455</u>
Profit before tax						11,749,275
Income tax expense						<u>(1,506,168)</u>
Profit for the year						<u>10,243,107</u> =====
<b>31 March 2008</b>						
<b>Revenue</b>						
Revenue from external customers	285,000	102,888,222	11,828,976	-	(285,000)	114,717,198
Inter-segment revenue	<u>9,603,831</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,603,831)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenue	<u>9,888,831</u>	<u>102,888,222</u>	<u>11,828,976</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,888,831)</u>	<u>114,717,198</u>
<b>Results</b>						
Segment results	<u>9,888,831</u>	<u>7,422,135</u>	<u>(928,506)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,888,831)</u>	6,493,629
Unallocated expenses						(11,073,703)
Interest on fixed deposits						2,443,616
Share of profit of an associate						<u>3,679,800</u>
Profit before tax						1,543,342
Income tax expense						<u>(403,892)</u>
Profit for the year						<u>1,139,450</u> =====



**TEKALA CORPORATION BERHAD**  
(Company No: 357125-D)  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

---

**31. Segmental Information (Cont'd.)**

**Business Segments (Cont'd.)**

	Investment holding RM	Timber processing RM	Log timber extraction RM	Vessel chartering RM	Elimination RM	Consolidated RM
<b>31 March 2009</b>						
<b>Assets</b>						
Segment assets	8,033,106	103,973,623	19,720,942	156,142,186	(284,159)	287,585,698
Investment in an associate	54,792,071	-	-	-	-	54,792,071
Unallocated assets						<u>2,392,731</u>
Total assets						<u>344,770,500</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Segment liabilities	134,854	3,672,338	5,179,944	108,639,967	(95,182)	117,531,921
Unallocated liabilities						<u>979,319</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>						<u>118,511,240</u>
<b>Other segment information</b>						
Capital expenditure	-	5,312,704	6,804	-	-	5,319,508
Depreciation	-	3,877,189	41,132	433,785	(58,000)	4,294,106
Amortisation of land lease prepayments	-	222,350	-	-	-	222,350
<b>31 March 2008</b>						
<b>Assets</b>						
Segment assets	7,912,345	120,755,382	19,394,416	-	(246,497)	147,815,646
Investment in an associate	31,625,109	-	-	-	-	31,625,109
Unallocated assets						<u>3,183,001</u>
Total assets						<u>182,623,756</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Segment liabilities	111,402	4,186,366	577,369	-	-	4,875,137
Unallocated liabilities						<u>1,055,462</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>						<u>5,930,599</u>
<b>Other segment information</b>						
Capital expenditure	-	762,485	96,437	-	(290,000)	568,922
Depreciation	-	3,856,356	43,019	-	(35,316)	3,864,059
Amortisation of land lease prepayments	-	222,350	-	-	-	222,350

**31. Segmental Information (Cont'd.)**

**Geographical Segments**

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by geographical segment:

	<b>Revenue RM</b>
<b>2009</b>	
Malaysia	4,039,990
North Asia	<u>123,451,680</u>
	<u>127,491,670</u> =====
<b>2008</b>	
Malaysia	11,988,126
North Asia	<u>102,729,072</u>
	<u>114,717,198</u> =====